Exponents

Base Number ← 4 Substitution

Exponent

- Exponents show repeated multiplication.
- Exponents represents how many times a number (Base) is multiplied by itself.

| Exponent Form | Word Form |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| 4 ³ | Four to the power of three |
| Expanded Form | Standard Form |
| 4 • 4 • 4 | 64 |

- Incorrect ways to complete exponents are:
 - **Example A**: 4 + 3 = 7
 - **Example B**: 4 3 = 12
 - **Example C**: Counting by 4s.

- Be careful, any number raised to the first power is itself.
 - Example A: $10^1 = 10$

- Example B: $4^1 = 4$
- Any number raised to the zero is always 1
 - Example A: $10^{0} = 1$
 - Example B: $5^{0} = 1$
- Other examples:
 - Example A: $10^4 = 10,000$
 - Example B: $10^6 = 1,000,000$
 - Example C: $2 \times 10^4 = 20,000$
 - Example D: $20 \times 10^4 = 200,000$
 - 20 X $10,000 = 200,000 \rightarrow \text{Showing work!}$

Practice Problems

1. Complete Chart

| Exponent Form | Word Form |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| | eight to the power of two |
| Expanded Form | <u>Standard Form</u> |
| | |

2. Complete Chart

| Exponent Form | Word Form |
|----------------|---------------|
| 5 ² | |
| Expanded Form | Standard Form |
| | |